

Cedar Grove School District

Health -Kindergarten

Approved by the Cedar Grove Board of Education
November 2017

Superintendent of Schools
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Health Kindergarten

Health, on the kindergarten level, offers children a well-rounded experience rooted in holistic fitness and wellness. This is defined as freedom from disease, coping with stress, feeling a sense of accomplishment and growth, ability to express and create a positive and creative lifestyle, and feelings of contentment and happiness. The curriculum encompasses a wide variety of problem-solving activities, cooperative games, and character education activities, which traverse other disciplines. Ultimately, students will gain knowledge, self-esteem, social responsibility, character, and an appreciation of lifetime health and fitness.

**This curriculum was written in accordance with the
NEW JERSEY STUDENT LEARNING STANDARDS
for
Comprehensive Health and Physical Education**

The standards are located at
<http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2014/chpe/standards.pdf>

A listing of the Grades PreK-4 can be found at the end of this document.

Health - Kindergarten

Unit 1: Nutrition

Course Objective(s)	Student Objectives	NJSLS 2014	Suggested Timeframe (in class sessions)
Explain why some foods are healthier to eat than others	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Examine the food pyramid Identify the six food groups• Explain the words: food, fuel, and energy, and tell how food is transformed into energy• Identify routines for healthy eating• Compare and contrast healthful and unhealthy choices Identify common health products found in the home	2.1.2.B.2 2.2.2.A.1	4
Sort foods according to food groups and food sources	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Name foods that belong to each of the food groups• Identify the correct food groups for a list of snacks• Plan healthy snacks for one day• Create a collage of food, using pictures from magazines and grocery store ads	2.1.2.B.1 2.1.2.B.2	4

Health - Kindergarten

Unit 2: Alcohol, Tobacco, and Drugs

Course Objective(s)	Student Objectives	NJSL 2014	Suggested Timeframe (in class sessions)
Define drugs and medicines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe the purposes and correct use of medicines • Describe the role medicines play in the maintenance or achievement of wellness • Create a list of various types of medicine • Sort a basket of clean/empty medicine bottles into categories 	2.3.2.A.1 2.3.2.A.2	2
Explain that medicines can be helpful or harmful	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss basic rules when taking medication • Investigate ways to stay safe around medicine Brainstorm reasons why medicine works to keep people healthy • Predict the consequences of taking medicines one should avoid 	2.3.2.A.1 2.2.2.A.1	3
Give examples of harmful and illegal drugs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize the physical and behavioral effects of alcohol, marijuana, tobacco products • Analyze what student would do and where they would go for help if they, a friend, or a family member were exposed to a dangerous substance • Recognize that use of some drugs such as cigarettes and alcohol is illegal for children • Create a word web to show why it is very important to always say "no" to drugs • Explain that people who are dependent on illegal drugs can get help 	2.3.2.A.2 2.3.2.C.1 2.3.2.C.2	3

Health - Kindergarten

Unit 3: Personal Health and Safety

Course Objective(s)	Student Objectives	NJSL 2014	Suggested Timeframe (in class sessions)
Define wellness and explain how making healthy choices contributes to wellness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Illustrate ways to remain healthy and happy • Discuss healthy habits Chart daily health habits 	2.1.2.A.1	2
Describe and demonstrate self-care practices that support wellness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform proper hand washing techniques • Describe proper oral hygiene skills • Demonstrate brushing teeth, dressing and grooming techniques, e.g. dramatic play 	2.1.2.A.1	1
Define disease, and explain ways to prevent the spread of diseases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize the importance of hand-washing, covering coughs and not sharing cups, hats and combs, etc. • Explain immunizations and the importance of regular health check-ups • Discuss what the doctor evaluates at a check-up 	2.1.2.C.2	1
Identify safe vs. unsafe conditions for common hazards and situations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize, identify and alert adults to potentially harmful conditions and/or situations • Behave appropriately during emergency evacuation drills • Identify community helpers who assist in maintaining a safe environment • Identify and recognize warning symbols and communicate their meaning, e.g. red light, stop sign, poison symbol, etc. 	2.1.2.D.1	2

Health - Kindergarten

Unit 4: Growth and Development

Course Objective(s)	Student Objectives	NJSLs 2014	Suggested Timeframe (in class sessions)
Name and locate major body organs and parts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrate knowledge of visible body parts through games such as "Simon Says" • Recognize and locate the major body organs • Explore the main function of the major body organs • Create a life-size tracing of a body. Label parts and functions • Identify the five senses, brain, lungs, heart, teeth, bones, skin 	2.1.2 A.2	3
Discover one's own body's uniqueness and one's special talents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practice paying attention to the signals one's body gives one, e.g. shivering when cold • Draw a self-portrait reflecting unique qualities • Create a web of personal attributes 	2.1.2.E.1 2.1.2.C.3 2.2.2.C.2	2
Identify different kinds of families and explain that families may differ for many reasons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain what "family" means to you and describe your family make-up • Discuss different types of families • Discuss and describe family routines, activities and traditions, e.g. languages, foods, celebrations, music, meals, etc. • Illustrate representations of families, roles, and traditions • Identify, compare, and contrast family members from a photograph • Describe the process of growing in a family from a baby to an adult. 	2.4.2.A.1 2.4.2.A.2 2.4.2.A.3	4
Define friendship and explain that friends are important throughout life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss friendship and what it means to "be a friend" • Draw a friend and describe why s/he is your friend 	2.4.2 A.3	1
Explain that all human beings have basic needs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss needs such as food, water, sleep, shelter, clothing and love • Brainstorm a list of "needs" and "wants" and discuss the results 	2.1.2.E.1	2
Describe and demonstrate appropriate ways to express wants, needs, and emotions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize various emotions through pictures • Create an emotion chart and cut out pictures of people expressing different emotions and feelings • Brainstorm ways to express feelings 	2.1.2.E.3	3

Health - Kindergarten

Unit 5: Family and Social Health

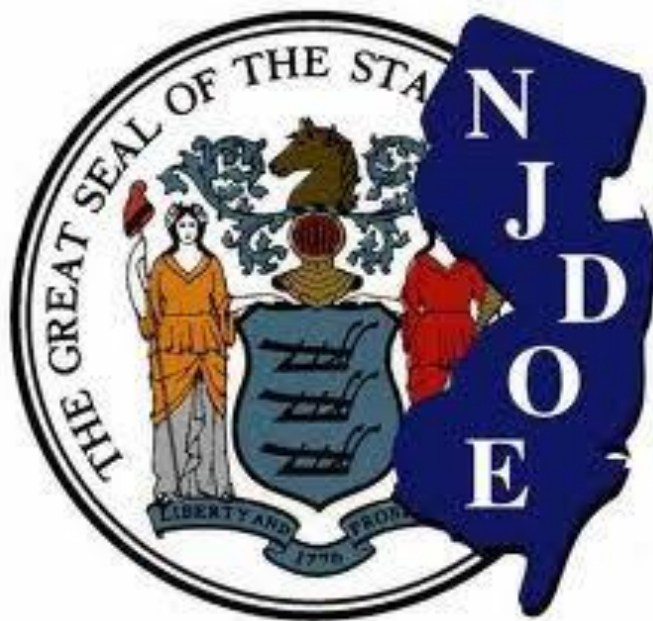
Course Objective(s)	Student Objectives	NJSL 2014	Suggested Timeframe (in class sessions)
Identify different kinds of families and explain that families may differ for many reasons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain what "family" means to you and describe your family make-up • Discuss different types of families • Discuss and describe family routines, activities and traditions, e.g. languages, foods, celebrations, music, meals, etc. • Illustrate representations of families, roles, and traditions • Identify, compare, and contrast family members from a photograph • Describe the process of growing in a family from a baby to an adult. 	<p style="text-align: center;">2.4.2.A.1 2.4.2.A.2 2.4.2.A.3</p>	4
Define friendship and explain that friends are important throughout life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss friendship and what it means to "be a friend" • Draw a friend and describe why s/he is your friend 	2.4.2 A.3	1
Explain that all human beings have basic needs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss needs such as food, water, sleep, shelter, clothing and love • Brainstorm a list of "needs" and "wants" and discuss the results 	2.1.2.E.1	2
Describe and demonstrate appropriate ways to express wants, needs, and emotions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize various emotions through pictures • Create an emotion chart and cut out pictures of people expressing different emotions and feelings • Brainstorm ways to express feelings 	2.1.2.E.3	3

Unit 6: Life Skills

Comprehensive Health Kindergarten

Course Objective(s)	Student Objectives	NJSL 2014	Suggested Timeframe (in class sessions)
Act as a leader and a follower	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Define the terms leader and follower • Play the game "Follow the Leader" and explain the difficulty and differences involved in each role • Distribute classroom jobs to experience leadership skill and responsibilities 	2.2.2.C.1	2 Ongoing
Identify factors that lead to group success and help solve group problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allow students to pick their own groups for an activity and share the problems they encountered • Work together in pairs and small groups to complete projects and activities 	2.2.2.B.2	1 Ongoing
Motivate group members to work together and provide constructive feedback	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Role-play ways to get along with others within their community; taking turn, listening to others, sharing, etc. • Collect pictures of people working together 	2.2.2.D.1	2
Demonstrate effective communication and listening skills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Practice giving the right information so health helpers can help them • Explain the importance of following directions when they are sick • Demonstrate decision making and refusal skills in situations affecting health and safety • Demonstrate safety routines and how they would respond to danger • Discuss what is appropriate to share/not share 	2.2.2.E.1	2

New Jersey Student Learning Standards
for
Comprehensive Health and Physical
Education



New Jersey Student Learning Standards for Comprehensive Health and Physical Education

INTRODUCTION

Comprehensive Health and Physical Education in the 21st Century

Health literacy is an integral component of 21st century education. Healthy students are learners who are “knowledgeable, productive, and also emotionally and physically healthy, motivated, civically engaged, prepared for work and economic self-sufficiency, and ready for the world beyond their own borders” (ASCD, 2004). As part of the state’s initiative to prepare students to function optimally as global citizens and workers, the contemporary view of health and physical education focuses on taking personal responsibility for one’s health through an active, healthy lifestyle that fosters a *lifelong* commitment to wellness. The mission and vision for comprehensive health and physical education reflects this perspective:

Mission: Knowledge of health and physical education concepts and skills empowers students to assume lifelong responsibility to develop physical, social, and emotional wellness.

Vision: A quality comprehensive health and physical education program fosters a population that:

- Maintains physical, social, and emotional health by practicing healthy behaviors and goal setting.
- Engages in a physically active lifestyle.
- Is knowledgeable about health and wellness and how to access health resources.
- Recognizes the influence of media, technology, and culture in making informed health-related decisions as a consumer of health products and services.
- Practices effective cross-cultural communication, problem solving, negotiation, and conflict resolution skills.
- Is accepting and respectful of individual and cultural differences.
- Advocates for personal, family, community, and global wellness and is knowledgeable about national and international public health and safety issues.

Intent and Spirit of the Comprehensive Health and Physical Education Standards

All students participate in a comprehensive, sequential, health and physical education program that emphasizes the natural interdisciplinary connection between wellness and health and physical education. The standards provide a blueprint for curriculum development, instruction, and assessment that reflects the latest research-based platform for effective health and physical education programs. The primary focus of the standards is on the development of knowledge and skills that influence healthy behaviors within the context of self, family, school, and the local and global community. The 2014 revised standards incorporate the current thinking and best practices found in health and physical education documents published by national content-specific organizations as well as public health and other education organizations and agencies.

Revised Standards

The Comprehensive Health and Physical Education Standards provide the foundation for creating local curricula and meaningful assessments. Revisions to the standards include cumulative progress indicators that reflect:

- Recently enacted legislation outlined in the section below
- An emphasis on health literacy, a 21st century theme
- Global perspectives about health and wellness through comparative analysis of health-related issues, attitudes, and behaviors in other countries
- Inclusion of additional skills related to traffic safety, fire safety, and accident and poison prevention
- Increased awareness of and sensitivity to the challenges related to individuals with disabilities

The 2014 standards continue to incorporate **New Jersey Legislative Statutes** related to the health and well-being of students in New Jersey public schools, including those enacted from 2009-2014:

- **Dating Violence Prevention Bill:** N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.23 a (2010) requires instruction in dating violence prevention.

Health Literacy includes:

- Obtaining, interpreting, and understanding basic health information and services and using such information and services in ways that are health enhancing.
- Understanding preventive physical and mental health measures, including proper diet, nutrition, exercise, risk avoidance, and stress reduction.
- Using available information to make appropriate health-related decisions.
- Establishing and monitoring personal and family health goals.
- Understanding national and international public health and safety issues.

(Partnership for 21st Century Skills, 2009)

New Jersey Legislative Statutes Summary

- **Accident and Fire Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:6-2) requires instruction in accident and fire prevention.**
Regular courses of instruction in accident prevention and fire prevention shall be given in every public and private school in this state. Instruction shall be adapted to the understanding of students at different grade levels.
- **Breast Self-Examination (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5.4) requires instruction on breast self-examination.**
Each board of education which operates an educational program for students in grades 7 through 12 shall offer instruction in breast self-examination. The instruction shall take place as part of the district's implementation of the Core Curriculum Content Standards in Comprehensive Health and Physical Education, and the comprehensive health and physical education curriculum framework shall provide school districts with sample activities that may be used to support implementation of the instructional requirement.
- **Bullying Prevention Programs (N.J.S.A. 18A:37- 17) requires the establishment of bullying prevention programs.**
Schools and school districts are encouraged to establish bullying prevention programs and other initiatives involving school staff, students, administrators, volunteers, parents, law enforcement,

and community members. To the extent funds are appropriated for these purposes, a school district shall: (1) provide training on the school district's harassment, intimidation, or bullying policies to school employees and volunteers who have significant contact with students; and (2) develop a process for discussing the district's harassment, intimidation, or bullying policy with students. Information regarding the school district policy against harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be incorporated into a school's employee training program.

- **Cancer Awareness (N.J.S.A. 18A:40-33) requires the development of a school program on cancer awareness.**

The Commissioner of Education, in consultation with the State school boards, shall develop a cancer awareness program appropriate for school-aged children.

- **Dating Violence Education (N.J.S.A. 18A: 35-4.23a) requires instruction regarding dating violence in grades 7-12.**

Each school district shall incorporate dating violence education that is age appropriate into the health education curriculum as part of the district's implementation of the Core Curriculum Content Standards in Comprehensive Health and Physical Education for students in grades 7 through 12. The dating violence education shall include, but not be limited to, information on the definition of dating violence, recognizing dating violence warning signs, and the characteristics of healthy relationships.

- **Domestic Violence Education (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.23) allows instruction on problems related to domestic violence and child abuse.**

A board of education may include instruction on the problems of domestic violence and child abuse in an appropriate place in the curriculum of elementary school, middle school, and high school pupils. The instruction shall enable pupils to understand the psychology and dynamics of family violence, dating violence, and child abuse; the relationship of alcohol and drug use to such violence and abuse; and the relationship of animal cruelty to such violence and abuse; and to learn methods of nonviolent problem-solving.

- **Gang Violence Prevention (18A:35-4.26) requires instruction in gang violence prevention for elementary school students.**

Each board of education that operates an educational program for elementary school students shall offer instruction in gang violence prevention and in ways to avoid membership in gangs. The instruction shall take place as part of the district's implementation of the Core Curriculum Content Standards in Comprehensive Health and Physical Education, and the comprehensive health and physical education curriculum framework shall provide school districts with sample materials that may be used to support implementation of the instructional requirement.

- **Health, Safety, and Physical Education (N.J.S.A.18A:35) requires that all students in grades 1 through 12 participate in at least two and one-half hours of health, safety, and physical education in each school week.**

Every pupil, except kindergarten pupils, attending the public schools, insofar as he or she is physically fit and capable of doing so, as determined by the medical inspector, shall take such courses, which shall be a part of the curriculum prescribed for the several grades, and the conduct and attainment of the pupils shall be marked as in other courses or subjects, and the standing of the pupil in connection therewith shall form a part of the requirements for promotion or graduation. The time devoted to such courses shall aggregate at least two and one-half hours in each school week, or proportionately less when holidays fall within the week.

- **Drugs, Alcohol, Tobacco, Controlled Dangerous Substances, and Anabolic Steroids (N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-1) requires instructional programs on drugs, alcohol, anabolic steroids, tobacco, and controlled dangerous substances and the development of curriculum guidelines.**

Instructional programs on the nature of drugs, alcohol, anabolic steroids, tobacco, and controlled dangerous substances, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), and their physiological, psychological, sociological, and legal effects on the individual, the family, and society shall be taught in each public school and in each grade from kindergarten through 12 in a manner adapted to the age and understanding of the pupils. The programs shall be based upon the curriculum guidelines established by the Commissioner of Education and shall be included in the curriculum for each grade in such a manner as to provide a thorough and comprehensive treatment of the subject.

- **Lyme Disease Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-5.1) requires the development of Lyme disease curriculum guidelines.**

The guidelines shall emphasize disease prevention and sensitivity for victims of the disease. The Commissioner of Education shall periodically review and update the guidelines to insure that the curriculum reflects the most current information available.

- **Organ Donation (N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-4.3) requires information relative to organ donation to be given to students in grades 9 through 12.**

The goals of the instruction shall be to:

- Emphasize the benefits of organ and tissue donation to the health and well-being of society generally and to individuals whose lives are saved by organ and tissue donations, so that students will be motivated to make an affirmative decision to register as donors when they become adults.
- Fully address myths and misunderstandings regarding organ and tissue donation.
- Explain the options available to adults, including the option of designating a decision-maker to make the donation decision on one's behalf.
- Instill an understanding of the consequences when an individual does not make a decision to become an organ donor and does not register or otherwise record a designated decision-maker.

The instruction shall inform students that, beginning five years from the date of enactment of P.L.2008, c.48 (C.26:6-66 et al.), the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission will not issue or renew a New Jersey driver's license or personal identification card unless a prospective or renewing licensee or card holder makes an acknowledgement regarding the donor decision pursuant to section 8 of P.L.2008, c.48 (C.39:3-12.4). The Commissioner of Education, through the non-public school liaison in the Department of Education, shall make any related instructional materials available to private schools educating students in grades 9 through 12, or any combination thereof. Such schools are encouraged to use the instructional materials at the school; however, nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require such schools to use the materials.

- **Sexual Assault Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.3) requires the development of a sexual assault prevention education program.**

The Department of Education in consultation with the advisory committee shall develop and establish guidelines for the teaching of sexual assault prevention techniques for utilization by local school districts in the establishment of a sexual assault prevention education program. Such program shall be adapted to the age and understanding of the pupils and shall

be emphasized in appropriate places of the curriculum sufficiently for a full and adequate treatment of the subject.

- **Stress Abstinence (N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.19-20), also known as the “AIDS Prevention Act of 1999,” requires sex education programs to stress abstinence.**

Any sex education that is given as part of any planned course, curriculum, or other instructional program and that is intended to impart information or promote discussion or understanding in regard to human sexual behavior, sexual feelings and sexual values, human sexuality and reproduction, pregnancy avoidance or termination, HIV infection or sexually transmitted diseases, regardless of whether such instruction is described as, or incorporated into, a description of “sex education,” “family life education,” “family health education,” “health education,” “family living,” “health,” “self esteem,” or any other course, curriculum program, or goal of education, and any materials including, but not limited, to handouts, speakers, notes, or audiovisuals presented on school property concerning methods for the prevention of acquired immune deficiency syndrome (HIV/AIDS), other sexually transmitted diseases, and of avoiding pregnancy, shall stress that abstinence from sexual activity is the only completely reliable means of eliminating the sexual transmission of HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted diseases and of avoiding pregnancy.

- **Suicide Prevention (N.J.S.A. 18A: 6-111) requires instruction in suicide prevention in public schools.**

Instruction in suicide prevention shall be provided as part of any continuing education that public school teaching staff members must complete to maintain their certification; and inclusion of suicide prevention awareness shall be included in the Core Curriculum Content Standards in Comprehensive Health and Physical Education.

Resources

Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development. (2014). *The whole child*. Online: <http://www.wholechildeducation.org/>

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2009). *Health Education curriculum analysis tool*. Atlanta, GA: Author.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2006). *Physical Education curriculum analysis tool*. Atlanta, GA: Author.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. National Health Education Standards. *National Health Education Standards*: Atlanta, GA: American Cancer Society. Online: <http://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/sher/standards/>

Lohrmann, D. K. (2005). *Creating a healthy school*. Alexandria, VA: Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development.

National Association for Sport and Physical Education. (2014). *The Road to a lifetime of Physical Activity: National standards for Physical Education*. Reston, VA: American Alliance for Health, Physical Education, Recreation, and Dance.

National Association of State Boards of Education. (2014). *Center for Safe and Healthy Schools*. Online: <http://www.nasbe.org/project/center-for-safe-and-healthy-schools/>

New Jersey State Department of Education. (2009). *Core curriculum content standards in comprehensive health and physical education*. Online: <http://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/standards/2/index.html>

Partnership for 21st Century Skills. (2014). *Framework for 21st century learning*. Online: <http://www.p21.org/>

Hyperlinks: <http://www.choosemyplate.gov/>

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.1 Wellness: All students will acquire health promotion concepts and skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	A. Personal Growth and Development		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
P	Developing self-help skills and personal hygiene skills promotes healthy habits.	2.1.P.A.1	Develop an awareness of healthy habits (e.g., use clean tissues, wash hands, handle food hygienically, brush teeth, and dress appropriately for the weather).
		2.1.P.A.2	Demonstrate emerging self-help skills (e.g., develop independence when pouring, serving, and using utensils and when dressing and brushing teeth).
2	Health-enhancing behaviors contribute to wellness.	2.1.2.A.1	Explain what being “well” means and identify self-care practices that support wellness.
		2.1.2.A.2	Use correct terminology to identify body parts, and explain how body parts work together to support wellness.
4	The dimensions of wellness are interrelated and impact overall personal well-being.	2.1.4.A.1	Explain the physical, social, emotional, and mental dimensions of personal wellness and how they interact.
		2.1.4.A.2	Determine the relationship of personal health practices and behaviors on an individual’s body systems.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.1 Wellness: All students will acquire health promotion concepts and skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	B. Nutrition		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
P	Developing the knowledge and skills necessary to make nutritious food choices promotes healthy habits.	2.1.P.B.1	Explore foods and food groups (e.g., compare and contrast foods representative of various cultures by taste, color, texture, smell, and shape).
		2.1.P.B.2	Develop awareness of nutritious food choices (e.g., participate in classroom cooking activities, hold conversations with knowledgeable adults about daily nutritious meal and snack offerings).
2	Choosing a balanced variety of nutritious foods contributes to wellness.	2.1.2.B.1	Explain why some foods are healthier to eat than others.
		2.1.2.B.2	Explain how foods on MyPlate differ in nutritional content and value.
		2.1.2.B.3	Summarize information about food found on product labels.
4	Choosing a balanced variety of nutritious foods contributes to wellness.	2.1.4.B.1	Explain how healthy eating provides energy, helps to maintain healthy weight, lowers risk of disease, and keeps body systems functioning effectively.
		2.1.4.B.2	Differentiate between healthy and unhealthy eating practices.
		2.1.4.B.3	Create a healthy meal based on nutritional content, value, calories, and cost.
		2.1.4.B.4	Interpret food product labels based on nutritional content.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.1 Wellness: All students will acquire health promotion concepts and skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	C. Diseases and Health Conditions		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
P	Developing self-help skills and personal hygiene skills promotes healthy habits.	2.1.P.C.1	Develop an awareness of healthy habits (e.g., use clean tissues, wash hands, handle food hygienically, brush teeth, and dress appropriately for the weather).
		2	Knowledge about diseases and disease prevention promotes health-enhancing behaviors.
2		2.1.2.C.1	Summarize symptoms of common diseases and health conditions.
		2.1.2.C.2	Summarize strategies to prevent the spread of common diseases and health conditions.
		2.1.2.C.3	Determine how personal feelings can affect one's wellness.
4	The use of disease prevention strategies in home, school, and community promotes personal health.	2.1.4.C.1	Explain how most diseases and health conditions are preventable.
		2.1.4.C.2	Justify how the use of universal precautions, sanitation and waste disposal, proper food handling and storage, and environmental controls prevent diseases and health conditions.
		2.1.4.C.3	Explain how mental health impacts one's wellness.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.1 Wellness: ALL STUDENTS WILL ACQUIRE HEALTH PROMOTION CONCEPTS AND SKILLS TO SUPPORT A HEALTHY, ACTIVE LIFESTYLE.		
Strand	D. Safety		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
P	Developing an awareness of potential hazards in the environment impacts personal health and safety.	2.1.P.D.1	Use safe practices indoors and out (e.g., wear bike helmets, walk in the classroom, understand how to participate in emergency drills, and understand why car seats and seat belts are used).
		2.1.P.D.2	Develop an awareness of warning symbols and their meaning (e.g., red light, stop sign, poison symbol, etc.).
		2.1.P.D.3	Identify community helpers who assist in maintaining a safe environment.
		2.1.P.D.4	Know how to dial 911 for help.
2	Using personal safety strategies reduces the number of injuries to self and others.	2.1.2.D.1	Identify ways to prevent injuries at home, school, and in the community (e.g., fire safety, poison safety, accident prevention).
		2.1.2.D.2	Differentiate among the characteristics of strangers, acquaintances, and trusted adults and describe safe and appropriate behaviors/touches.
		2.1.2.D.3	Identify procedures associated with pedestrian, bicycle, and traffic safety.
4	Identifying unsafe situations and choosing appropriate ways to reduce or eliminate risks contributes to the safety of self and others.	2.1.4.D.1	Determine the characteristics of safe and unsafe situations and develop strategies to reduce the risk of injuries at home, school, and in the community (e.g., fire safety, poison safety, accident prevention).
		2.1.4.D.2	Summarize the various forms of abuse and ways to get help.
		2.1.4.D.3	Examine the impact of unsafe behaviors when traveling in vehicles, as a pedestrian, and when using other modes of transportation.
	Applying first-aid procedures can minimize injury and save lives.	2.1.4.D.4	Demonstrate simple first-aid procedures for choking, bleeding, burns, and poisoning.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.1 Wellness: All students will acquire health promotion concepts and skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	E. Social and Emotional Health		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Many factors at home, school, and in the community impact social and emotional health.	2.1.2.E.1	Identify basic social and emotional needs of all people.
		2.1.2.E.2	Determine possible causes of conflict between people and appropriate ways to prevent and resolve them.
		2.1.2.E.3	Explain healthy ways of coping with common stressful situations experienced by children.
4	Many factors at home, school, and in the community impact social and emotional health.	2.1.4.E.1	Compare and contrast how individuals and families attempt to address basic human needs.
		2.1.4.E.2	Distinguish among violence, harassment, gang violence, discrimination, and bullying and demonstrate strategies to prevent and resolve these types of conflicts.
	Stress management skills impact an individual's ability to cope with different types of emotional situations.	2.1.4.E.3	Determine ways to cope with rejection, loss, and separation.
		2.1.4.E.4	Summarize the causes of stress and explain ways to deal with stressful situations.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.2 Integrated Skills: All students will develop and use personal and interpersonal skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	A. Interpersonal Communication		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Effective communication may be a determining factor in the outcome of health- and safety-related situations.	2.2.2.A.1	Express needs, wants, and feelings in health- and safety-related situations.
4	Effective communication may be a determining factor in the outcome of health- and safety-related situations.	2.2.4.A.1	Demonstrate effective interpersonal communication in health- and safety-related situations.
	Effective communication is the basis for strengthening interpersonal interactions and relationships and resolving conflicts.	2.2.4.A.2	Demonstrate effective interpersonal communication when responding to disagreements or conflicts with others.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.2 Integrated Skills: All students will develop and use personal and interpersonal skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	B. Decision-Making and Goal Setting		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Effective decision-making skills foster healthier lifestyle choices.	2.2.2.B.1	Explain what a decision is and why it is advantageous to think before acting.
		2.2.2.B.2	Relate decision-making by self and others to one's health.
		2.2.2.B.3	Determine ways parents, peers, technology, culture, and the media influence health decisions.
		2.2.2.B.4	Select a personal health goal and explain why setting a goal is important.
4	Many health-related situations require the application of a thoughtful decision-making process.	2.2.4.B.1	Use the decision-making process when addressing health-related issues.
		2.2.4.B.2	Differentiate between situations when a health-related decision should be made independently or with the help of others.
		2.2.4.B.3	Determine how family, peers, technology, culture, and the media influence thoughts, feelings, health decisions, and behaviors.
		2.2.4.B.4	Develop a personal health goal and track progress.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.2 Integrated Skills: All students will develop and use personal and interpersonal skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	C. Character Development		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Character traits are often evident in behaviors exhibited by individuals when interacting with others.	2.2.2.C.1	Explain the meaning of Character and how it is reflected in the thoughts, feelings, and actions of oneself and others.
		2.2.2.C.2	Identify types of disabilities and demonstrate appropriate behavior when interacting with people with disabilities.
4	Personal core ethical values impact the health of oneself and others.	2.2.4.C.1	Determine how an individual's character develops over time and impacts personal health.
	Character building is influenced by many factors both positive and negative, such as acceptance, discrimination, bullying, abuse, sportsmanship, support, disrespect, and violence.	2.2.4.C.2	Explain why core ethical values (such as respect, empathy, civic mindedness, and good citizenship) are important in the local and world community.
		2.2.4.C.3	Determine how attitudes and assumptions toward individuals with disabilities may negatively or positively impact them.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.2 Integrated Skills: All students will develop and use personal and interpersonal skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	D. Advocacy and Service		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	<u>Service projects</u> provide an opportunity to have a positive impact on the lives of self and others.	2.2.2.D.1	Determine the benefits for oneself and others of participating in a class or school service activity.
4	<u>Service projects</u> provide an opportunity to have a positive impact on the lives of self and others.	2.2.4.D.1	Explain the impact of participation in different kinds of service projects on community wellness.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.2 Integrated Skills: All students will develop and use personal and interpersonal skills to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	E. Health Services and Information		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
P	Developing an awareness of potential hazards in the environment impacts personal health and safety.	2.2.P.E.1	Identify community helpers who assist in maintaining a safe environment.
2	Knowing how to locate health professionals in the home, at school, and in the community assists in addressing health emergencies and obtaining reliable information.	2.2.2.E.1	Determine where to access home, school, and community health professionals.
4	Communicating health needs to trusted adults and professionals assists in the prevention, early detection, and treatment of health problems.	2.2.4.E.1	Identify health services and resources provided in the school and community and determine how each assists in addressing health needs and emergencies.
		2.2.4.E.2	Explain when and how to seek help when experiencing a health problem.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.3 Drugs and Medicines: All students will acquire knowledge about alcohol, tobacco, other drugs, and medicines and apply these concepts to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	A. Medicines		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Medicines come in a variety of forms (prescription medicines, over-the-counter medicines, medicinal supplements), are used for numerous reasons, and should be taken as directed in order to be safe and effective.	2.3.2.A.1	Explain what medicines are and when some types of medicines are used.
		2.3.2.A.2	Explain why medicines should be administered as directed.
4	Medicines come in a variety of forms (prescription medicines, over-the-counter medicines, medicinal supplements), are used for numerous reasons, and should be taken as directed in order to be safe and effective.	2.3.4.A.1	Distinguish between over-the-counter and prescription medicines.
		2.3.4.A.2	Determine possible side effects of common types of medicines.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.3 Drugs and Medicines: All students will acquire knowledge about alcohol, tobacco, other drugs, and medicines and apply these concepts to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	B. Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drugs		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Use of drugs in unsafe ways is dangerous and harmful.	2.3.2.B.1	Identify ways that drugs can be abused.
		2.3.2.B.2	Explain effects of tobacco use on personal hygiene, health, and safety.
		2.3.2.B.3	Explain why tobacco smoke is harmful to nonsmokers.
		2.3.2.B.4	Identify products that contain alcohol.
		2.3.2.B.5	List substances that should never be inhaled and explain why.
4	Use of drugs in unsafe ways is dangerous and harmful.	2.3.4.B.1	Explain why it is illegal to use or possess certain drugs/substances and the possible consequences.
		2.3.4.B.2	Compare the short- and long-term physical effects of all types of tobacco use.
		2.3.4.B.3	Identify specific environments where second-hand/passive smoke may impact the wellness of nonsmokers.
		2.3.4.B.4	Summarize the short- and long-term physical and behavioral effects of alcohol use and abuse.
		2.3.4.B.5	Identify the short- and long- term physical effects of inhaling certain substances.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.3 Drugs and Medicines: All students will acquire knowledge about alcohol, tobacco, other drugs, and medicines and apply these concepts to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	C. Dependency/Addiction and Treatment		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Substance abuse is caused by a variety of factors.	2.3.2.C.1	Recognize that some people may have difficulty controlling their use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.
	There are many ways to obtain help for treatment of alcohol, tobacco, and other substance abuse problems.	2.3.2.C.2	Explain that people who abuse alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs can get help.
4	Substance abuse is caused by a variety of factors.	2.3.4.C.1	Identify signs that a person might have an alcohol, tobacco, and/or drug use problem.
		2.3.4.C.2	Differentiate between drug use, abuse, and misuse.
		2.3.4.C.3	Determine how advertising, peer pressure, and home environment influence children and teenagers to experiment with alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.4 Human Relationships and Sexuality: All students will acquire knowledge about the physical, emotional, and social aspects of human relationships and sexuality and apply these concepts to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	A. Relationships		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	The family unit encompasses the diversity of family forms in contemporary society.	2.4.2.A.1	Compare and contrast <u>different kinds of families</u> locally and globally.
		2.4.2.A.2	Distinguish the roles and responsibilities of different family members.
		2.4.2.A.3	Determine the factors that contribute to healthy relationships.
4	The family unit encompasses the diversity of family forms in contemporary society.	2.4.4.A.1	Explain how families typically share common values, provide love and emotional support, and set boundaries and limits.
		2.4.4.A.2	Explain why healthy relationships are fostered in some families and not in others.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.4 Human Relationships and Sexuality: All students will acquire knowledge about the physical, emotional, and social aspects of human relationships and sexuality and apply these concepts to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	B. Sexuality		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Gender-specific similarities and differences exist between males and females.	2.4.2.B.1	Compare and contrast the physical differences and similarities of the genders.
4	Puberty is the period of sexual development, determined primarily by heredity, in which the body becomes physically able to produce children.	2.4.4.B.1	Differentiate the physical, social, and emotional changes occurring at puberty and explain why puberty begins and ends at different ages.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.4 Human Relationships and Sexuality: All students will acquire knowledge about the physical, emotional, and social aspects of human relationships and sexuality and apply these concepts to support a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	C. Pregnancy and Parenting		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	The health of the birth mother impacts the development of the fetus.	2.4.2.C.1	Explain the factors that contribute to a mother having a healthy baby.
4	Knowing the physiological process of how pregnancy occurs as well as development of the fetus leading to childbirth contribute to a greater understanding of how and why a healthy environment should be provided for the pregnant mother.	2.4.4.C.1	Explain the process of fertilization and how cells divide to create an embryo/fetus that grows and develops during pregnancy.
	The health of the birth mother impacts the development of the fetus.	2.4.4.C.2	Relate the health of the birth mother to the development of a healthy fetus.

Content Area		Comprehensive Health and Physical Education	
Standard		2.5 Motor Skill Development: All students will utilize safe, efficient, and effective movement to develop and maintain a healthy, active lifestyle.	
Strand		A. Movement Skills and Concepts	
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
P	Developing competence and confidence in gross and fine motor skills provides a foundation for participation in physical activities.	2.5.P.A.1	Develop and refine gross motor skills (e.g., hopping, galloping, jumping, running, and marching).
		2.5.P.A.2	Develop and refine fine motor skills (e.g., completes gradually more complex puzzles, uses smaller-sized manipulative during play, and uses a variety of writing instruments in a conventional manner).
		2.5.P.A.3	Use objects and props to develop spatial and coordination skills (e.g., throws and catches balls and Frisbees, twirls a hula-hoop about the hips, walks a balance beam, laces different sized beads, and buttons and unbuttons).
2	Understanding of fundamental concepts related to effective execution of actions provides the foundation for participation in games, sports, dance, and recreational activities.	2.5.2.A.1	Explain and perform <u>movement skills</u> with developmentally appropriate control in isolated settings (i.e., skill practice) and applied settings (i.e., games, sports, dance, and recreational activities).
		2.5.2.A.2	Demonstrate changes in time, force, and flow while moving in personal and general space at different levels, directions, ranges, and pathways.
		2.5.2.A.3	Respond in movement to changes in tempo, beat, rhythm, or musical style.
		2.5.2.A.4	Correct movement errors in response to feedback.
4	Understanding of fundamental concepts related to effective execution of actions provides the foundation for participation in games, sports, dance, and recreational activities.	2.5.4.A.1	Explain and perform <u>essential elements of movement skills</u> in both isolated settings (i.e., skill practice) and applied settings (i.e., games, sports, dance, and recreational activities).
		2.5.4.A.2	Use body management skills and demonstrate control when moving in relation to others, objects, and boundaries in personal and general space.
		2.5.4.A.3	Explain and demonstrate movement sequences, individually and with others, in response to various tempos, rhythms, and musical styles.
	Ongoing feedback impacts improvement and effectiveness of movement actions.	2.5.4.A.4	Correct movement errors in response to feedback and explain how the change improves performance.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.5 Motor Skill Development: All students will utilize safe, efficient, and effective movement to develop and maintain a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	B. Strategy		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Teamwork consists of effective communication and other interactions between team members.	2.5.2.B.1	Differentiate when to use competitive and cooperative strategies in games, sports, and other movement activities.
		2.5.2.B.2	Explain the difference between offense and defense.
		2.5.2.B.3	Determine how attitude impacts physical performance.
		2.5.2.B.4	Demonstrate strategies that enable team and group members to achieve goals.
4	Offensive, defensive, and cooperative strategies are applied in most games, sports, and other activity situations.	2.5.4.B.1	Explain and demonstrate the use of basic offensive and defensive strategies (e.g., player positioning, faking, dodging, creating open areas, and defending space).
		2.5.4.B.2	Acknowledge the contributions of team members and choose appropriate ways to motivate and celebrate accomplishments.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.5 Motor Skill Development: All students will utilize safe, efficient, and effective movement to develop and maintain a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	C. Sportsmanship, Rules, and Safety		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
2	Practicing appropriate and safe behaviors while participating in and viewing games, sports, and other competitive events contributes to enjoyment of the event.	2.5.2.C.1	Explain what it means to demonstrate good sportsmanship.
		2.5.2.C.2	Demonstrate appropriate behaviors and safety rules and explain how they contribute to moving safely during basic activities.
4	Practicing appropriate and safe behaviors while participating in and viewing games, sports, and other competitive events contributes to enjoyment of the event.	2.5.4.C.1	Summarize the characteristics of good sportsmanship and demonstrate appropriate behavior as both a player and an observer.
		2.5.4.C.2	Apply specific rules and procedures during physical activity and explain how they contribute to a safe active environment.

Content Area	Comprehensive Health and Physical Education		
Standard	2.6 Fitness: All students will apply health-related and skill-related fitness concepts and skills to develop and maintain a healthy, active lifestyle.		
Strand	A. Fitness and Physical Activity		
By the end of grade	Content Statement	CPI #	Cumulative Progress Indicator (CPI)
P	Developing competence and confidence in gross and fine motor skills provides a foundation for participation in physical activities.	2.6. P.A.1	Develop and refine gross motor skills (e.g., hopping, galloping, jumping, running, and marching).
		2.6. P.A.2	Develop and refine fine motor skills (e.g., completes gradually more complex puzzles, uses smaller-sized manipulatives during play, and uses a variety of writing instruments in a conventional manner).
2	Appropriate types and amounts of physical activity enhance personal health.	2.6.2.A.1	Explain the role of regular physical activity in relation to personal health.
		2.6.2.A.2	Explain what it means to be physically fit and engage in moderate to vigorous age-appropriate activities that promote fitness.
		2.6.2.A.3	Develop a fitness goal and monitor progress towards achievement of the goal.
4	Each component of fitness contributes to personal health as well as motor skill performance.	2.6.4.A.1	Determine the physical, social, emotional, and intellectual benefits of regular physical activity.
		2.6.4.A.2	Participate in moderate to vigorous age-appropriate activities that address each component of health-related and <u>skill-related fitness</u> .
		2.6.4.A.3	Develop a <u>health-related fitness</u> goal and track progress using health/fitness indicators.
		2.6.4.A.4	Determine the extent to which different factors influence personal fitness, such as heredity, training, diet, and technology.